Cranbrook Primary School- Progression in Maths- Ratio and Proportion

Purpose of study –Mathematics is a creative and highly interconnected discipline that has been developed over centuries, providing the solution to some of history's most intriguing problems. It is essential to everyday life, critical to science, technology and engineering, and necessary for financial literacy and most forms of employment. A high-quality mathematics education therefore provides a foundation for understanding the world, the ability to reason mathematically, an appreciation of the beauty and power of mathematics, and a sense of enjoyment and curiosity about the subject.

Aims

The national curriculum for mathematics aims to ensure that all pupils:

- become fluent in the fundamentals of mathematics, including through varied and frequent practice with increasingly complex problems over time, so that pupils develop conceptual understanding and the ability to recall and apply knowledge rapidly and accurately
- reason mathematically by following a line of enquiry, conjecturing relationships and generalisations, and developing an argument, justification or proof using mathematical language
- can solve problems by applying their mathematics to a variety of routine and non-routine problems with increasing sophistication, including breaking down problems into a series of simpler steps and persevering in seeking solutions

Mathematics is an interconnected subject in which pupils need to be able to move fluently between representations of mathematical ideas. The programmes of study are, by necessity, organised into apparently distinct domains, but pupils should make rich connections across mathematical ideas to develop fluency, mathematical reasoning and competence in solving increasingly sophisticated problems. They should also apply their mathematical knowledge to science and other subjects.

The expectation is that the majority of pupils will move through the programmes of study at broadly the same pace. However, decisions about when to progress should always be based on the security of pupils' understanding and their readiness to progress to the next stage. Pupils who grasp concepts rapidly should be challenged through being offered rich and sophisticated problems before any acceleration through new content. Those who are not sufficiently fluent with earlier material should consolidate their understanding, including through additional practice, before moving on.

Intent

We want our children to become **confident and articulate communicators** by enriching their mathematical vocabulary. We aim to enrich our pupils learning with a deep and confident understanding in fluency and reasoning. We aspire for our children to appreciate the power of mathematics and build a **life-long passion for maths** by exploring their curiosity through **memorable learning experiences**. As the children progress we aim to build confidence, **widen their horizons** and attain a positive growth mind set. Through our enterprise scheme we will provide children with an opportunity to develop their **global identity** through working with the local community. We want them to know that mathematics is essential to succeed in life and necessary for financial responsibilities and most forms of employment.

Ratio and Proportion

Area of Study	EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
Statements only appear in Year 6 but should be connected to previous learning, particularly fractions and multiplication and division							Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison

							Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found
							Solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples
Key Vocabulary							
Areas	R	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Ratio and Proportion							Enlarged Enlargement For every Highest common factor Proportion Ratio Scale factor Scale factor of Similar Simplify